

WEATHER FORECAST:
Warm Tonight and Tuesday
Full Report on Page Two.

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The Washington Times

LAST AND
HOME EDITION

COURT GETS PLAN TO END MERGER

Southern Pacific-Union Pacific
Program, With President's
O. K., Filed in St. Paul.

APPROVED BY McREYNOLDS

Provides Sale of Some S. P.
Stock to Pennsy—Balance
Held by Trust Company.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 30.—Bearing the O. K. of both President Wilson and Attorney General McReynolds, the Southern Pacific-Union Pacific merger dissolution plan was presented to the Federal court here today. It provides for the sale of \$38,000,000 of Southern Pacific stock to the Pennsylvania railroad, and acceptance by the Union Pacific in return of \$42,000,000 stock in the Baltimore and Ohio railroad; the balance of Southern Pacific stock held by the Union Pacific to be held by a trust company, not voted except at direction of the court, and with the privilege of shareholders disposing of their interest or accepting Southern Pacific stock.

Details of Plan.

In detail the plan provides:
Sale of \$38,240,000 Southern Pacific stock to the Pennsylvania railroad for \$42,647,200 in Baltimore and Ohio stock.
A trust company to hold the remaining \$39,000,000 Southern Pacific stock, and undivided dividends thereon.
The trust company prior to November 1 to offer pro rata to all Union Pacific stockholders the right to subscribe to certificates of interest representing Southern Pacific shares. By January 1, 1914, certificate holders may receive the number of shares of Southern Pacific stock represented by their certificates of interest, with dividends from April 1, 1912, without interest, provided the certificate holders have not previously exercised their right to receive the shares in their own right and is not acting for any stockholder of the Union Pacific.

Approved by McReynolds.

After January 1, 1914, the trust company may, at the direction of the court, sell outstanding certificates and pay proceeds to the lawful holders.
The trust company at all times to be under the direction of the court and to apply to the court for instructions at frequent intervals.
Attorney General McReynolds submitted a brief approving the plan, and stating that the exchange and transfer of stock to the Pennsylvania railroad "obviously goes far to separate" the merged railroad from the Union Pacific and Pennsylvania of a large amount of the capital stock of an active competitor, and thereby remedies a highly objectionable condition. He recommended also that the plan be sanctioned only under the court's supervision, and that the Government grants no immunity from possible future actions based on any future laws as to stock ownership, and carefully drawn decrees to guard this feature of the plan.

Saloonkeeper Ends His Life With Acid

Frank J. Kenney, a saloonkeeper at 214 C street northeast, ended his life this afternoon by drinking carbolic acid in a room over the saloon conducted by his brother, John Kenney, at 630 Eleventh street southwest. Kenney was thirty-three years old.
The motive which prompted the suicide could not be learned by the police, although the family declined to make any statement concerning the affair. An investigation is being made by Coroner Nevitt.

Latest News Bulletins

DOMESTIC.

Boston.—Presided by Richard S. Tarrant, a prominent attorney of Terre Haute, Ind., father of Lucian D. Tarrant, the Harvard student, who was found dead with a bullet in his head on the West Boston bridge last April, police officers today decided to hold an inquest into the young student's death.

New York.—The Progressive party will celebrate its first birthday on July 1, 2, and 3, at Newport, was the announcement today of the bureau of education of the Progressive National Service. Progressives look upon this meeting as the most important conference since the Chicago convention, when Roosevelt will attend. His talk will be about "The American Navy."

Cleveland, Ohio.—Three men were drowned and four were burned in a sewer cave-in here today. Police officers who are leading the rescue work fear that the four who are buried are also dead.

FOREIGN.

London.—The breach of promise suit of Violet Moss against the young Marquis of Northampton was begun today. Miss Moss met the marquis while he was Earl Compton. They became engaged, but the earl's father prevented the match. He offered Miss Moss \$50,000 to drop the present suit.

Berlin.—The retributing today finally passed on third reading the entire army increase bill as introduced by the government. This provides for 170,000 additional private, 15,000 non-commissioned officers, and 4,000 officers, bringing the German permanent fighting force up to about 210,000.

President Will Go To Gettysburg Friday Morning on Railroad

President Wilson will leave Washington early Friday morning by train to make the Fourth of July address to the Union and Confederate veterans encamped at Gettysburg. It was at first supposed that the President would go to the battlefield by automobile, but he declared this morning that on account of the warm weather and the distance he would go by train.

Secretary Garrison, who will speak to the veterans tomorrow will leave Washington this afternoon for Baltimore, remaining there all night. Tomorrow he will proceed to Gettysburg by automobile.

COMMISSION HALTS \$10,000,000 BONDS

Utilities Company Halted in
Plan to Control Public
Service in District.

The Washington Utilities Company, which seeks to control all public service corporations in the District of Columbia, struck a snag today at the hearing before the Public Utilities Commission on the question of the proposed \$10,000,000 bond issue, when the commission declined to take under consideration the right of the corporation to issue the bonds, until it had been determined whether there had been a violation of the anti-merger law.

The announcement of the commission's attitude by Col. Chester Harding, who acted as chairman, came as something of a surprise to attorneys for the holding company and other interested corporations, who said they had no idea that the anti-merger question would be taken up in view of the time they had been following. The hearing was adjourned pending the decision on the merger.

Attorneys for the corporation have been proceeding on the theory that this merger had been consummated before the anti-merger law was passed, and that in accordance with certain provisions of the act the holding company would have the right to acquire and hold not more than 20 per cent of the securities of other public service corporations.

Colonel Harding said that he believed this was a case where the anti-merger law might apply.
Attorneys and officers of all the companies were present at the hearing, the company's side being presented by Col. Harding, the Washington Utilities Company, and J. J. Darling, attorney for the Washington Railway and Electric Company. The former company holds something less than 20 per cent of the stock of the latter.

Provides for Bonds.
The proposed mortgage provides for the issue of \$10,000,000 bonds not to exceed \$10,000,000 as follows:
First, \$998,000, face value of these bonds are to be used to take up preferred and common stock of the Washington Railway and Electric Company under the merger agreement.

Second—Bonds up to, but not exceeding the face value of \$2,000,000 are to be delivered to the Washington Utilities Company in future, on deposit with the trustee under the mortgage of the common stock of the Washington Railway and Electric Company up to, but not exceeding the par value of \$2,000,000.

The money received from the sale of the bonds will be used to pay off the floating debt of the company, amounting to about \$1,700,000, incurred on account of the purchase of the common stock of the Washington Railway and Electric Company. There are several other sections of the mortgage providing for the disposition of the additional bonds.

Attorney Booth stated that the Washington Railway and Electric Company, the owner, long prior to March 4, 1913, of a large amount of stock of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, and approval of the anti-merger act by the board of directors of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, directed a sale of a sufficient number of shares of said stock to reduce the holdings of the company held by the Washington Utilities Company to the limit fixed by the anti-merger act.

Regarding the merger with the Washington-Virginia Company, Counsel Thomas wanted to know if the Washington-Virginia stock had not been purchased by the issuance of bonds on the property before the holding company actually acquired the stock. The utilities company's attorneys said this was a charge of murder in the second degree, although they were indicted for first degree murder. Moon was waylaid by the two men on Twenty-seventh street, between C and H streets, and after being knocked out with a brick, was robbed.

BLUE AND GRAY UNITED IN CAMP

Thirty Thousand Survivors of
Great Battle Assemble on
Gettysburg Field.

GOVERNORS JOIN BIG THROG

Pennsylvania Executive Moves
State Capital to Historic
Spot for the Week.

By W. L. ORMEROD.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., June 30.—An army of Blue and Gray 30,000 strong, survivors of the war between the States, enjoyed themselves here today. With supreme satisfaction, they prepared for the anniversary of the historic battle which raged in and about this sleepy little town a half century ago.

Washington's quota of veterans—more than 200—rejuvenated by their night's rest, were early astir to go over the battleground.

General Liggett Commands.

Gen. Hunter Liggett arrived here from the War College at 5:30 o'clock. Eleven guns boomed forth a welcome to him, and he proceeded at once to take command of the camp. His first official act was to honor Lieut. Simon Bolivar Buckner, U. S. A., son of Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner, C. S. A., ranking survivor officer of the Confederacy. Lieutenant Buckner has been busy ever since the camp was established, locating the veterans and getting things in order.

Governor Tener today officially moved the State government to Gettysburg and opened up headquarters in the Gettysburg College. During the adjournment all State business will be conducted here.
Little groups of uniformed veterans fought over again the great struggle. Here they talked of the Yanks and there of the Bobs, but in place of bitterness there was only brotherly love and fellowship, nothing marred that spirit.

The past had buried its animosities.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

WILSON WILL STAND BEHIND NEW BOARD

Tells Newman and Siddons He
Wants Progressive Policy in
District Affairs.

That President Wilson means to stand squarely behind his new District Commission in a progressive administration of the affairs of Washington, and to that end is anxious to bring about hearty co-operation between the new commission and the House Committee on District Affairs, was indicated this morning at the White House.

For the first time since their selection by the President as the two civilian members of the new commission, Oliver P. Newman and Frederick L. Siddons called at the White House this morning and personally thanked the President for the appointments.
The President chatted with them briefly, but impressed them with the idea that he was deeply interested in the affairs of the District and meant to stand behind them in an up-to-date administration of local affairs.

Does Not Discuss Opposition.

He did not discuss with them the opposition which has developed against the commission. Mr. Newman is of the ground that he is not a regular resident of the District, nor that against John B. Colpoys, one of the President's appointees to the District Excise Board.
Later in the morning Congressman George of the House District Committee, called at the White House and saw the President. It is through Congressman George that the President is said to be working for a harmonious understanding between the District Commission and the House committee.

To Indorse Newman.

A mass meeting to indorse Oliver P. Newman and urge his confirmation as District Commissioner is being planned by the United Spanish War Veterans of Washington, and will be called for some night early this week. The purposes of the proposed meeting, it was declared today, are to show President Wilson and the Senate District Committee that the selection of Mr. Newman is opposed by but a small number of District residents. Plans for the meeting are being arranged today, and are being whittled into shape by the veterans, assisted by representatives from the various camps of veterans of the District.
"The regular Democrats of the District of Columbia are not thinking of opposing Oliver P. Newman for commissioner, or making a fight against his nomination. On the other hand they are strongly lined up for him, and will give him all possible support."
This was the statement today of Walter J. Costello, leader of the "regulars" in the last primary, brother of the national committee man from the District, and delegate to the convention. He declared most emphatically that those who opposed the nomination of Newman.

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

Two Men Named by Mulhall, and a Receipt From One



—Photo by Harris & Evans.
J. H. McMICHAEL,
Former Chief Page On the floor of the House Now An Elevator Man at the House, Who Mulhall Says Did "Lobby" Work For Him.

ARREST ORDERED IN WAINWRIGHT CASE

Manager of Home Gas Company
Held as Accessory in Death
of Young Girl.

SALISBURY, Md., June 30.—Hansold Smith, manager of the Home Gas Company, was held this afternoon by the verdict of the coroner's jury as an accessory before and after the fact to the criminal operation that resulted in the death of Florence Wainwright.

Smith has not been arrested. He is the last person known to have seen the girl alive, and suspicion has been steadily directed toward him from the inception of the case.

Time Element Important.

The fact that Dr. J. McAdams Dick testified that Miss Wainwright had been dead at least one hour when her body was found by her brother-in-law, Marvin Ellis, and that the office of the gas company is said to have been closed sixty minutes before Mr. Ellis came along, strengthened the belief that one person lifted the girl's body from the floor and placed it in the chair where it was found.

Upon a difference of opinion regarding the time element, a full detective sergeant, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Detective Cox. The promotion carries an increase of \$20 a month in salary. J. F. Jamison, detailed at the White House, is made acting detective sergeant.
Sergeant Hanay Passano, of the Harbor precinct, will be retired on \$50 a month and J. E. Preston, of the Harbor precinct, will be promoted to be a sergeant. Former Sgt. John N. Barry is also retired on \$50 a month.
Lieut. Anthony Shilling and Lieut. Daniel Slattery were recently before the retiring board, but no announcement has been made of the disposition of their cases.
A. E. Brown and Eugene Davis will be detailed for duty inside the White House, and Maurice Collins and C. C. Hartman are mounted on motorcycles. They will confine their efforts to speeding autolists.

Postmaster Is Summoned.

Two or three additional witnesses have been summoned. They are Marion A. Humphreys, postmaster and director in the gas company, and friend of Harold Smith and James Crouch, night watchman. The third witness is a former employee of the Gas Company.
It is understood that Mr. Humphreys has been summoned in connection with a letter received yesterday by State Attorney George W. Bell, in which his name was mentioned. The letter was signed "Protector of Maryland Women" and accused Mr. Bell of attempting to shield a suspect. Mr. Bell turned the letter over to the government.

Report of "Pluckers" To Be Received Today

Following the final meeting this morning of the naval "plucking board," Secretary Daniels announced that the list of naval officers to be placed under compulsory retirement will be submitted to him this afternoon at 4 o'clock, under seal.
The board has been meeting almost daily since June 2, examining the records of captains, commanders, lieutenant-commanders and lieutenants for the purpose of selecting not more than fifteen officers for compulsory retirement.
In view of the President's recent order declaring that no officer may seek retirement until after he has served twenty-years in the navy, it is expected that the board will "pluck" from the active list the full quota of fifteen men.

Baltimore, Md.
Oct 16th 1911.
Received from Mr. M. Mulhall
\$1000.00 Baltimore, Md.
for services rendered Sept. 10-14-1911.
J. H. McMichael.
House of Representatives
Capt.
ONE of the RECEIPTS GIVEN BY CHIEF
PAGE McMICHAEL to MULHALL.



—Photo by G. V. Duck.
CONGRESSMAN JAMES T. McDERMOTT
Of Chicago, Who, Mulhall Says Was Aided by the K. A. K. Influences in Campaign For Representative. Above Reproduction of Receipt Given Mulhall By McMichael.

POLICE DEPARTMENT CHANGES ANNOUNCED

Promotions and Transfers Are
Effective Tomorrow, First
Day of Fiscal Year.

Announcement was made at police headquarters today of promotions and transfers to become effective tomorrow, the first day of the new fiscal year.

Warren O. Embrey, who has been acting detective sergeant for several months, becomes a full detective sergeant, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Detective Cox. The promotion carries an increase of \$20 a month in salary. J. F. Jamison, detailed at the White House, is made acting detective sergeant.
Sergeant Hanay Passano, of the Harbor precinct, will be retired on \$50 a month and J. E. Preston, of the Harbor precinct, will be promoted to be a sergeant. Former Sgt. John N. Barry is also retired on \$50 a month.
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Ucker Resigns His Post;
Indiana Man Successor

Clement S. Ucker, for several years chief clerk of the Interior Department, has resigned, and James L. Parker, of Tipton, Ind., was appointed today by Secretary Lane as his successor. The change becomes effective July 15.
Mr. Parker is a graduate of Butler University, Indiana, and before coming to Washington was a member of the Indiana legislature. He is now chief of the claims division of the forest service, Department of Agriculture. He has been in the Government service a number of years, and has served as private secretary to the Secretary, assistant to the Secretary, and assistant attorney.

Amendment on Meat Inspection Adopted

The Senate Democratic caucus spent all this forenoon considering the free list in the tariff bill. It was not completed, and at the close of the morning session Chairman Simmons said the bill would not be reported back to the Senate until July 4.
The caucus adopted an important amendment providing that when the inspection of meat in any foreign country is not as stringent as here, the Secretary of the Treasury shall have the power to require an inspection of the same stringency as that in this country before meats are admitted free.
Senator Pomeroy made a fight for a countervailing duty on farm implements and machinery, but was defeated by an overwhelming vote.

MULHALL'S CONFESSION STARTS DOUBLE-HEADED LOBBY INVESTIGATION

House and Senate, Amazed at Corruption Charged
Made by Manufacturers' Agent, to Turn
Searchlights on Principals—Subpoena Drag-
net to Trap All Named in Revelation.

ACCUSED LEGISLATORS DENY THEMSELVES DEMAND HEARINGS BEFORE COLLEGE

By JOHN SNURE.

It is probable that, as the outgrowth of the ultrasensational charges made by Martin H. Mulhall, for a long time field agent and lobbyist of the National Association of Manufacturers, against a score or more Congressmen and Senators, a double-headed investigation by Congress soon will be in progress.

"This has become a matter of national importance. The charges will be probed thoroughly. We intend to sift them to the bottom."

This declaration was made this afternoon by Senator Overman, chairman of the Senate lobby committee, after conferring with a majority of his associates on the committee regarding the astounding charges.

Senator Overman announced that the committee would meet July 8, at 10:30, to begin the investigation, including the Mulhall charges.

CONGRESSMEN DEMAND HEARINGS.

PAGE HEADS BUDGET BOARD FOR DISTRICT

Chairman Fitzgerald Names
Subcommittee to Handle
Appropriation Bill.

Chairman Fitzgerald today announced the subcommittees of the House Committee on Appropriations, including the subcommittee which will handle the District appropriation bill for the next two years.

The subcommittee on the District of Columbia comprises Congressman Page of North Carolina, chairman; Congressman Gleason of Mississippi; Congressman McAdams of Illinois; Congressman Davis of Minnesota, and Congressman Hinebaugh of Illinois.

The first three are Democrats. Mr. Davis is a Republican, and Mr. Hinebaugh is a Progressive.
Chairman Page intends to adopt a fair and liberal attitude toward the District of Columbia, but intimated that the "pruning knife" would be used if the Commissioners grow extravagant in their demands. With two new Commissioners and a new appropriation board along together, estimates of the District for the next two years will be made at this time to forecast how the virtual city council of the National Capital will get along together. Estimates of the Commissioners heretofore have been considerably slashed, although the Appropriations Committee was rather liberal in money and constructive legislation during the last session.

The other subcommittees of the Appropriations Committee are as follows: Sundry civil, Fitzgerald, Sherley, Rauch, Gillett, and Mondell; Penitentiaries, Sherley, White, Mahan, and Davis; Legislative, Johnson, Byrns, Kinkaid, Borland, and Calder; Fortifications, Sherley, White, Mahan, and Davis; and Good; Deficiencies, Fitzgerald, Bartlett, Simon, Gillett, and Vane, and Permanent Appropriations, Borland, White, Mahan, Carr, Mondell, Davis, and Vane.

Delay Currency Bill Week in Committee

At an executive meeting of the Democratic members of the House Banking and Currency Committee this afternoon, no disposition was shown the consideration of the administration currency bill. Although Chairman Glass indicated a desire to take up the bill immediately, the recalcitrant Democrats dissuaded another week to study the measure and won out in their contention. Formal consideration of the bill will not begin until Monday next, when another meeting will be held.

No Quorum for Inquiry.

The Senate Committee on the West Virginia investigation was to have met today at the office of Senator Swanson. No quorum was obtained and the meeting went over until Wednesday.

Senators and members of the House are demanding to be heard in connection with the Mulhall charges. A subpoena is on for an investigation by the House, and when the House meets Wednesday a resolution for an investigation will be introduced by Congressman Sherley of Kentucky.

The Mulhall charges, alleging as they do that the National Association of Manufacturers, with its enormous wealth, has for years through a lobby at Washington carried on a campaign to promote legislation hostile to labor, by bill of legislation drafted by labor, in favor of a tariff commission, against men in Congress and public life who did not serve its ends, and for men in Congress and official circles who were subservient, has thrown all other phases of the lobby inquiry into eclipse.

In many quarters, it is predicted these revelations will prove to be the most important in American political and industrial life since the disclosure of the Standard Oil letters. Not only do the letters, papers, and memoranda which Mulhall has disclosed purport to reach into legislative and political affairs, but also so deep into many phases of the war of capital and labor in this country.

Swampy Committee.

First published in the New York World and the Chicago Tribune, the Mulhall allegations have fairly swamped the Overman Lobby Committee. That committee is up to its eyes in work. In fact, it can hardly see the end of the lobby investigation under the Committee resolution. When the committee meets July 8, Senator Overman said today, it would probably examine first Lewis Cass Ledyard, David Lamar, and other witnesses in connection with the charges made by Robert S. Lovett, head of the lobby inquiry into eclipse.

The committee would like to clean up the Lovett charges and also the sugar lobby before proceeding with the alleged lobby of the National Manufacturers' Association. But it may prove to be impossible to do this. Senator Overman is being urged by various Senators and members of the House to drop the other phases of the lobby probe for the time and take up the Mulhall confession at once.
In any event, the committee is breaking ground for an exhaustive investigation of the Mulhall allegations. Mulhall at his own request has already been subpoenaed. James A. Egan, counsel and alleged lobbyist for the National Association of Manufacturers, and former Congressman James E. Egan, Indiana, will be called. President John Kirby, Jr., of the National Association of Manufacturers, will be a witness.

All To Be Grilled.

Not only will these men be required to testify, but Senator Overman declares that the policy of the committee will be "to let no guilty man escape." Every member of Senate or House who has been mentioned by Mulhall in his revelations will be given a chance to appear before the committee and every other individual who is directly involved in any important way will be subpoenaed. It will be a case of putting out a dragnet for witnesses.
The committee takes the view that it does not need to go to the Senate to ask for any more authority. Senator Overman said this afternoon that he was convinced the committee had all needed authority.
"Of course, if anyone should question our authority," he said, "we would then go to the Senate and I have no doubt that the Senate will give us all that we need."
(Continued on Second Page.)